

# Outline

*Scope:* industrially-relevant new concepts in solar module encapsulation and moisture barrier technologies to accelerate state-of-the-art module performance, reliability and manufacturability with new module materials and interfaces demonstrated using accelerated testing and reliability models.

- Thrust 1: Encapsulant Degradation Mechanisms
  - Wide Angle X-ray Scattering and FTIR-ATR of delaminated EVA (with SLAC)
  - understanding and modeling fundamental degradation pathways
- Thrust 2: Advanced In-Situ Moisture Barrier Technology
  - open-air plasma-deposition of submicron multilayer barrier films
  - improved moisture barrier properties under accelerated aging conditions

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dauskardt@stanford.edu

DuraMA1











### Conclusion: New Concepts in Module Reliability

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## Future Directions – Advancing Bifacial Modules

Advancing Bifacial Solar Module Reliability and Manufacturability with New Module Materials and Light-Weight Transparent Back Lamination

*Emergence of Bifacial PV*: Bifacial panels have significant advantages over monofacial modules with increased power yield by up to 30%, and costs for bifacial PERC production are within \$0.01—0.02/W of the costs for mono-facial PERC production\*.

Builds directly on capabilities developed in our current DuraMAT program, include advanced characterization and modeling of fundamental degradation pathways in module encapsulation materials and our advanced in-situ moisture barrier technology.

Leverages the DuraMAT Materials Characterization and Forensics capability through our continued partnership with SLAC and collaboration with Dr. Matt Reese on WVTR characterization and Dr. Mike Woodhouse at NREL involving bifacial techno-economic analyses useful for U.S. PV manufacturing.

*Thrust 1* - Bifacial module materials degradation and interface reliability characterization.

Thrust 2 – Develop and validate a transparent polymer back lamination technologycomprising 1) a conformal, dense, multi-dyad thin-film barrier structure deposited directly<br/>onto the module backside using a scalable open-air spray plasma for pin-hole freetransparent<br/>backbarriers, 2) a high-quality transparent encapsulate, and 3) transparent polymer backsheet<br/>containing fluoropolymer which provides robust mechanical protection.back<br/>lamination

Stanford ENGINEERING \*Woodhouse, "Considerations for Utilizing Bifacial PV Technologies..." bifiPV Work. 2019.



transparent backsheet

front

glass

assembly

solar cell